



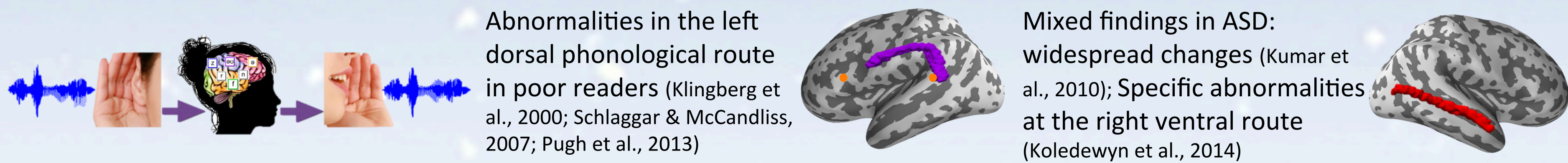
Transdiagnostic Neural Substrates of Phonological Deficits in Autism Spectrum Disorder and Reading Disability

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BACKGROUND

- Impaired phonological awareness & verbal short-term memory tasks in
 - Poor readers (Wagner & Torgesen, 1987; Hulme & Snowling, 2014; Ramus et al., 2003; Szenkovits & Ramus, 2005)
 - Individuals with autism spectrum disorder (ASD) (Gerdtts & Bernier, 2011; Lindgren et al., 2009; Williams, Payne & Marshall, 2013)

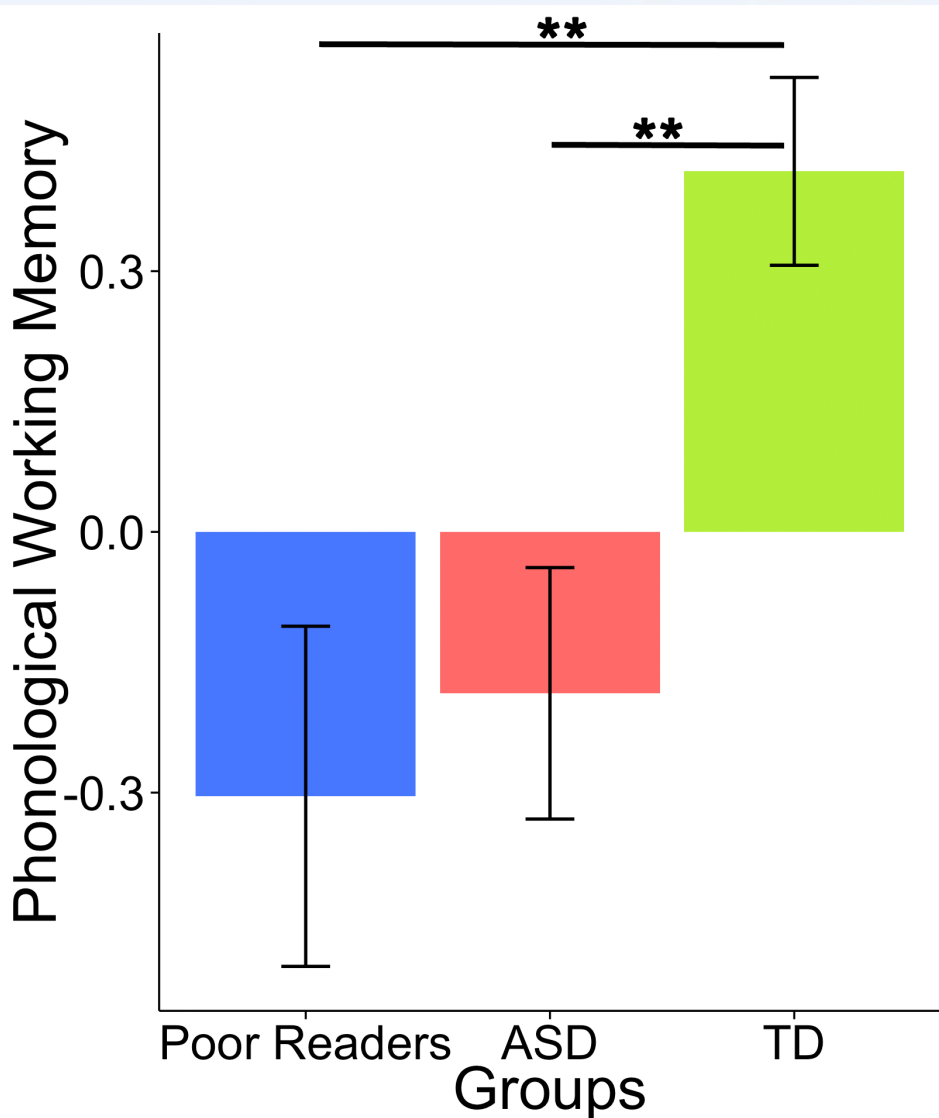


PARTICIPANTS

	Poor Readers	ASD	Typically Developing (TD)
Number	19	25	20
Age	11.8 (3.27)	11.3 (3.48)	10.3 (3.57)
IQ ¹	101.8 (13.99)	108.9 (15.28)	110.1 (14.27)
Girls: Boys	0.36	0.32	0.43
Autism Severity ²	1.78 (1.52)	6.08 (2.48)***	1.33 (0.69)
Word Reading ³	83.45 (9.90)***	99.33 (13.16)**	112.48 (10.25)
Sentence Reading ⁴	79.65 (11.54)***	100.04 (15.82)***	115.68 (9.67)
Language ⁵	92.47 (21.07)***	94.21 (18.87)***	113.15 (11.39)

BEHAVIOR RESULTS

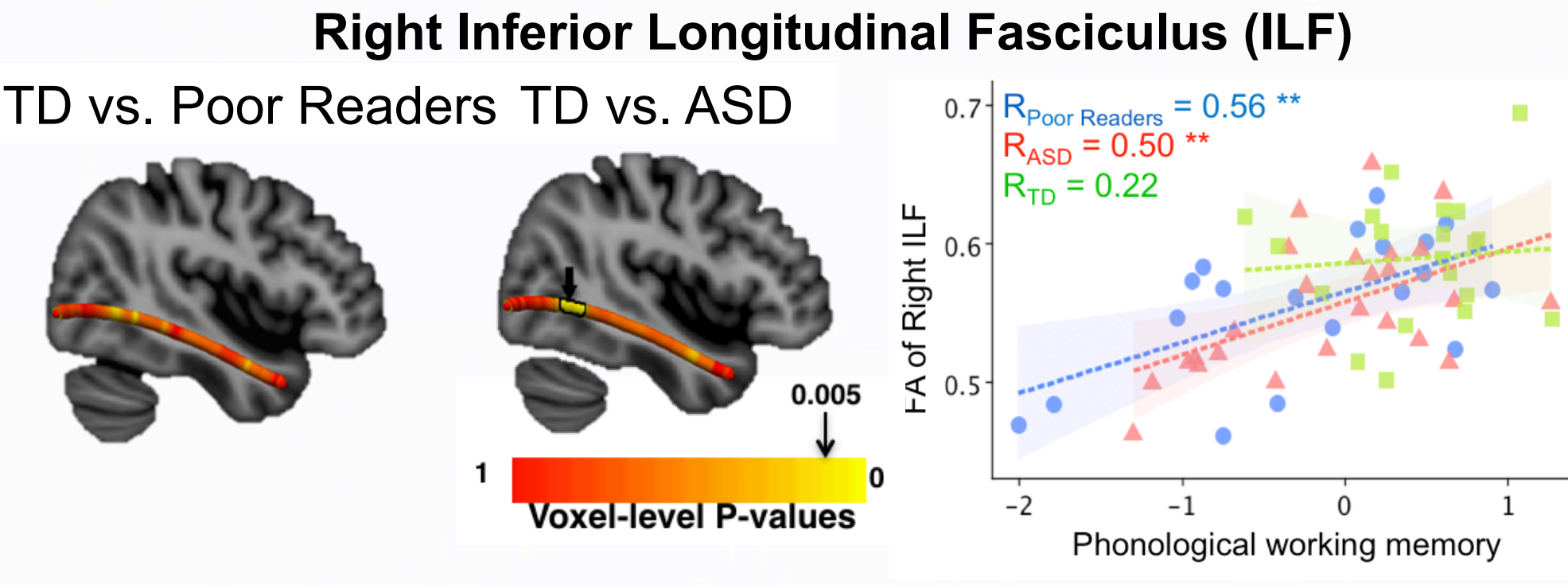
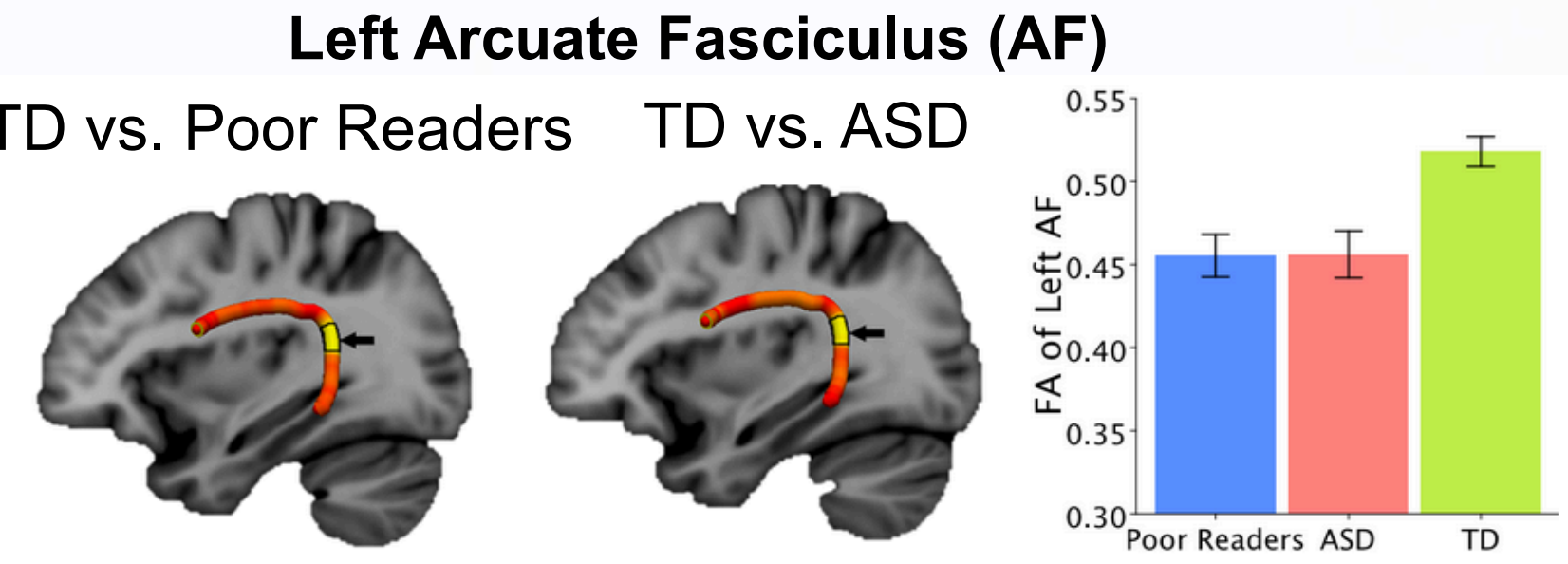
Phonological working memory ⁶



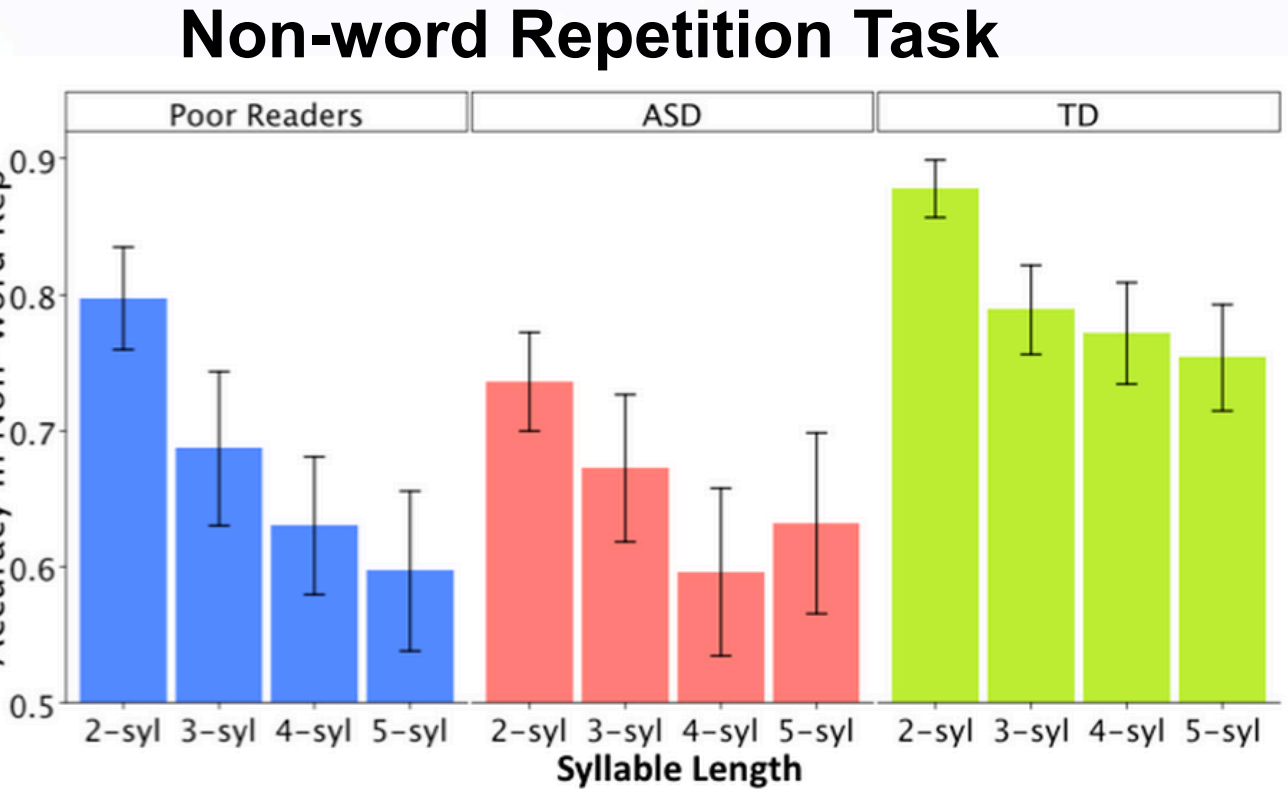
Notes:

- Standard KBIT Non-verbal IQ
- Calibrated Severity Score (1-10) (Gotham et al., 2009; Hus & Lord, 2014)
- Average of the standard scores of 4 reading tests from TOWRE and WRMT
- Standard score of sentence reading fluency from WJIII
- Core language score of CELF-4
- Averaged Z-normed scores of standard scores of four CTOPP subtests (Blending words; Elision; Memory for Digits and Non-word repetition) and the raw score of CNRep.

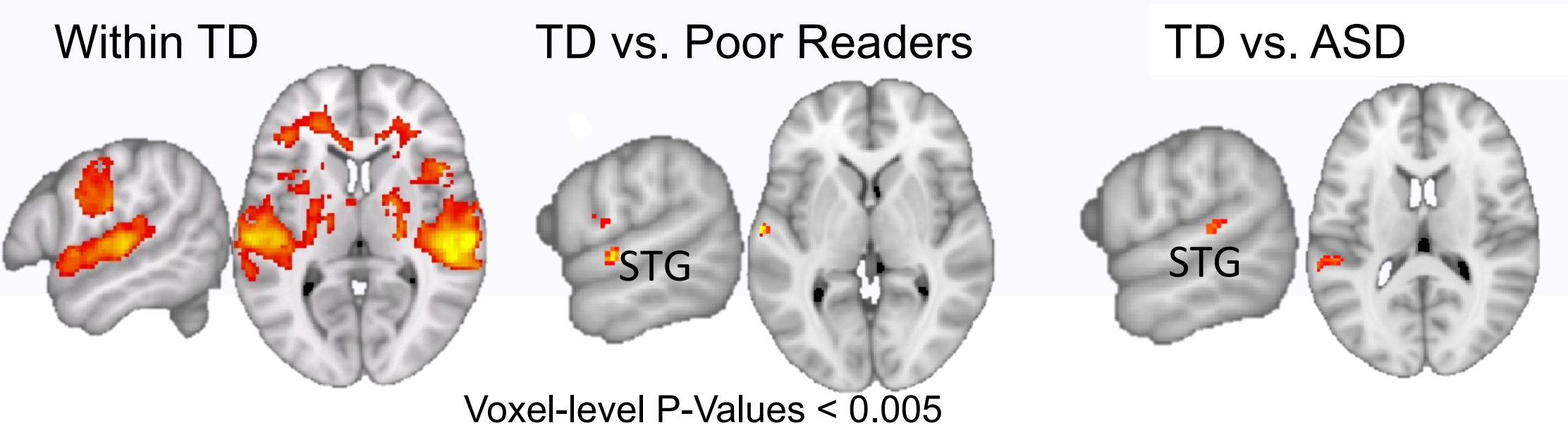
COMMON ANATOMICAL ALTERATION



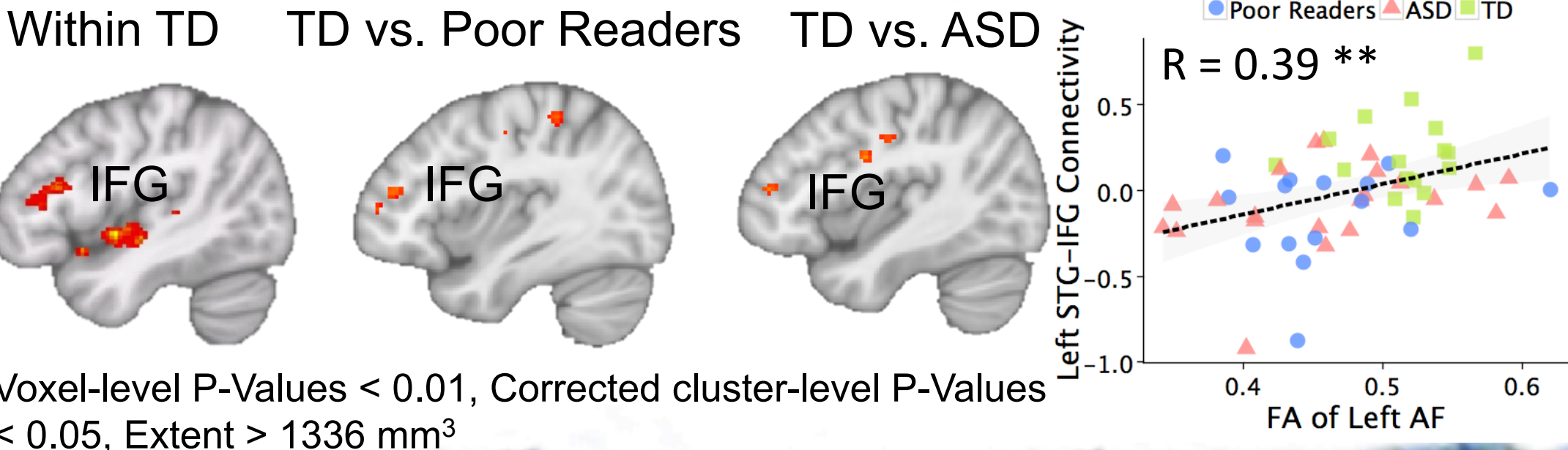
COMMON FUNCTIONAL ALTERATION



Task vs. Rest BOLD Activity



Psychophysiological Interaction (PPI) seed: left STG



CONCLUSION

- Phonological deficits are transdiagnostically associated with shared structural and functional neural abnormalities in ASD and Poor Readers.
- Left dorsal route and right ventral route play important roles in the development of phonological working memory.